

**Product: Fiberglass with ASJ and SSL** 

**MSDS Date:** 10-12-05

**Product Name:** Fiberglass with ASJ and SSL

**Manufacturer:** einsulation.com, Inc.

## I. Product and Company Description

einsulation.com, Inc. 508 North Second Street Fairfield, Iowa 52556 U.S.A

**Product Information/Emergency Phone Number:** 

(800) 318-4572

**Chemical Name or Synonym:** 

Not Applicable

# II. Chemical Composition

Component	CAS#
Fiberglass Yarn Reinforcing	65997-17-3
Aluminum Foil	7429-90-5
Antimony Oxide	1309-64-4
Hydrated Alumina	21645-51-2
Decabromodiphenyl Oxide	1163-19-5
Nylon with acrylic adhesive	N/A

## III. Hazards Identification

### A. Emergency Overview:

### Information Pertaining To Particular Dangers For Man And Environment:

Acrid smoke may be generated during a fire. Exposure to dust may be irritating to the eyes, nose and throat.

### **Physical Appearance and Odor:**

Solid with no odor

## **B. Potential Health Effects:**

### Acute Eye:

Dusts and fibers from this product may cause temporary mechanical irritation to the eyes.



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#### **Acute Skin:**

Dusts and fibers from this product may cause temporary mechanical irritation to the skin.

#### **Acute Inhalation:**

Temporary mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract (scratchy throat, coughing, and congestion) may result from exposures to dusts and fibers in excess of applicable exposure limits.

### **Acute ingestion:**

Not anticipated under normal use conditions However, ingestion of product may produce gastrointestinal irritation and disturbances.

### Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:

Chronic respiratory or skin conditions may temporarily worsen from exposure to this product.

### IV. First Aid Measures

### **First Aid Measures for Accidental:**

#### Eye Exposure:

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention, if irritation persists.

### Skin Exposure:

For skin contact, wash with mild soap and running water. Use a wash cloth to help remove fibers. To avoid further irritation, do not rub or scratch affected areas. Rubbing or scratching may force fibers into the skin. If irritation persists get medical attention. Never use compressed air to remove fibers from the skin.

#### Inhalation:

Remove to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, administer artificial respiration and supply oxygen. Seek medical attention.

#### Ingestion:

Ingestion of this material is unlikely. If it does occur, watch the person for several days to make sure that partial or complete intestinal obstruction does not occur. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

## V. Fire Fighting Measures

#### **Fire Hazard Data:**

Flash Point: None Autoignition: N/A Method Used: N/A

Flammability Limits (vol/vol%): Lower: N/A Upper: N/A



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### **Extinguishing Media:**

Product itself has no risk of fire or explosion. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

### **Special Fire Fighting Procedures:**

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn out gear.

### **Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:**

May release acrid smoke in a sustained fire.

### **Hazardous Decomposition Materials (Under Fire Conditions):**

Primary combustion products are hydrogen chloride, hydrogen bromide, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Other undetermined compounds could be released in small quantities.

## VI. Accidental Release Measures

### Cleanup and Disposal of Spill:

This material will settle out of the air. If concentrated on land, it can then be scooped up for disposal as a non-hazardous waste. This material will sink and disperse along the bottom of waterways and ponds. It can not easily be removed after it is waterborne; however, the material is non-hazardous in water. Dispose of product in accordance with applicable local, state and federal regulations.

# VII. Handling and Storage

### Handling and Storage:

No special procedures are required for this material. Keep product in its packaging, as long as practicable to minimize potential dust generation. Keep work areas clean. Avoid unnecessary handling of scrap materials by placing them in waste disposal containers and equipment, kept as to close working areas as possible, to prevent release of fibers and dust. Avoid inhaling dusts or vapors produced during thermal processing. Avoid eye and excessive skin contact. Use only with adequate ventilation. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Special care must be taken to avoid buildup of dusts.

### VIII. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

### **Exposure Guidelines:**

	Exposure limits			
Component	ACGIH	NIOSH	OSHA-PELs	
Fiberglass Yarn Reinforcing	1 f/cc (fibers longer than 5um w/diameter less than 3um) 3 mg/m3 (respirable) 10 mg/m3 (inhalable)	ND	1 f/cc (fibers longer than 5um w/diameter less than 3um) 5 mg/m3 (respirable) 15 mg/m3 (total)	
Aluminum Foil	ND	ND	ND	
Antimony Oxide	0.5 mg/m3	ND	0.5 mg/m3	
Hydrated Alumina	10 mg/m3	ND	15 mg/m3	
Decabromodiphenyl Oxide	10 mg/m3	ND	15 mg/m3	
Nylon with acrylic adhesive	ND	ND	ND	



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#### **Engineering Controls:**

General dilution ventilation and/or local exhaust ventilation should be provided as necessary to maintain exposures below regulatory limits. Dust collection systems should be used in operations involving cutting or machining and may be required in operations using power tools.

### **Respiratory Protection:**

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Always use a NIOSH/MSA approved respirator when necessary. A respirator should be used if ventilation is unavailable, or is inadequate for keeping dust and fiber levels below the applicable exposure limits.

### **Eye / Face Protection:**

Wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

#### **Skin Protection:**

Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts and long pants) is recommended. Use impervious gloves. Skin irritation is known to occur chiefly at the pressure points such as around the neck, wrists, waist and between the fingers.

# IX. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical Appearance: Solid

Odor: None

pH: N/A

Specific Gravity: N/A

Water Solubility: Insoluble

Melting Point: N/A

Freezing Point Range: N/A

Boiling Point: N/A

Vapor Pressure: N/A

Percent Volatiles by Volume: N/A

Viscosity: N/A

### X. Stability and Reactivity

#### **Chemical Stability:**

Stable



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#### **Conditions to Avoid:**

Avoid creating dusts.

#### Materials / Chemicals to be Avoided:

None

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products:**

Primary combustion products are hydrogen chloride, hydrogen bromide, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Other undetermined compounds could be released in small quantities.

### **Hazardous Polymerization:**

Will not occur

# XI. Toxicological Information

### **Acute and Chronic Toxicity:**

#### A: General Product Information

Dusts may cause mechanical irritation to eyes and skin. Ingestion may cause transient irritation of throat, stomach and gastrointestinal tract. Inhalation may cause coughing, nose and throat irritation, and sneezing. Higher exposures may cause difficulty breathing, congestion, and chest tightness.

#### B: Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

Oral LD50 Rat : Not Determined Oral LD50 Mouse : Not Determined

#### Carcinogenicity

### **A: General Product Information**

In October 2001 the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) concluded its re-evaluation of the carcinogenic risk of mineral wool fibers. The result was a reclassification of the fibers from Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans) to Group 3 (not classifiable as to the carcinogenicity to humans). Epidemiological studies published during the 15 years prior to the 2001 IARC review provide no evidence of increased risk of cancer from occupational exposure during manufacture or use of mineral wool fiber.

#### **B: Component Carcinogenicity**

For Mineral Fiber:

ACGIH: A3 - animal carcinogen (related to rock wool fibers) with unknown relevance to humans IARC: Group 3, Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

### XII. Ecological Information

#### **Ecotoxicological Information:**

None

### **Chemical Fate Information:**

ND



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## XIII. Disposal Considerations

### **Waste Disposal Method:**

Discard any product, residue, disposable container or liner in full compliance with applicable regulations.

### **Container Handling and Disposal:**

Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with applicable regulations.

# **XIV.** Transportation Information

### **Shipping Name:**

ADR/RID/IMO/ICAO /TDG/US DOT	Proper Shipping Name	Not Regulated		
	Hazard Class	Not Regulated		
	ID Number	Not Regulated		
	Packaging Group	Not Regulated		
	Label Statement	Not Regulated		

# XV. Regulatory Information

### **U.S. Federal Regulations:**

### **TSCA Inventory Status:**

Listed on Inventory: Yes

RCRA Haz. Waste No.: NA

**SARA Title III:** 

Section 302 Yes for Mineral Fiber

**SARA Title III Hazard Classes:** 

Fire Hazard: N Reactive Hazard: N Release of Pressure: N Acute Health Hazard: Y Chronic Health Hazard: Y

## **U.S. State Regulations:**

The components identified with an X are present on the respective state's Right To Know lists:

Component	MA	PA	MN	NJ	CA	MI
Mineral Fiber	Х	Х	Χ		Χ	

California Prop 65 List: Mineral Fiber is classified as a substance known to the state of California to be a carcinogen



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### XVI. Other Information

### National Fire Protection Association Hazard Ratings - NFPA(R):

Health Hazard: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

### **HMIS Rating:**

Health Hazard: 1 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Key Legend Information:TLV – Threshold Limit ValueN/A – Not ApplicablePEL – Permissible Exposure LimitND – Not DeterminedTWA – Time Weighted AverageACGIH – American Conference ofSTEL – Short Term Exposure LimitGovernmental Industrial HygienistsNTP – National Toxicology Program

OSHA – Occupational Safety and Health IARC – International Agency for Research on

Administration Cancer

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